

- (ख) “नामनिर्दिष्ट न्यायालय” से यानहरण निवारण अधिनियम, 2016 की धारा 8 के अधीन विनिर्दिष्ट न्यायालय अभिप्रेत है;
- (ग) “विशेष न्यायालय” से राष्ट्रीय अन्वेषण अभिकरण अधिनियम, 2008 की धारा 11 के अधीन या, धारा 22 के अधीन, जैसा भी मामला हो, के अधीन गठित विशेष न्यायालय से है।

(2) इन नियमों में प्रयुक्त शब्द और अभिव्यक्तियां जिन्हें परिभाषित नहीं किया गया है, परन्तु अधिनियम में परिभाषित किया गया है, के क्रमशः वही अर्थ होंगे जैसे अधिनियम में उन्हें निर्धारित किया गया है।

**4. निरीक्षण.-** (1) अधिसूचना द्वारा इस संबंध में लिखित में विशिष्ट या विशेष आदेश के माध्यम से केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा प्राधिकृत कोई भी व्यक्ति किसी भी युक्तिसंगत समय पर किसी भी स्थान में प्रवेश कर सकता है और अन्वेषण के प्रयोजन के लिए आवश्यक होने पर अभिलेखों या रिकार्डों का निरीक्षण कर सकता है।

(2) इस प्रकार प्राधिकृत व्यक्ति को उपकरणों, रिकार्डों, दस्तावेजों सहित एयरोड्रम के किसी भाग या किसी अन्य सुविधा में पहुंच प्राप्त होगी और उसे उपरोक्त उपनियम (1) में संदर्भित अनुसार अन्वेषण करने के लिए सभी संबंधित प्राधिकारियों से सहयोग प्राप्त होगा।

[फा. सं.एवी. 11012/11/2016-एएस]

उषा पाटी, संयुक्त सचिव

## MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION

### NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 5<sup>th</sup> July, 2017

**G.S.R. 828(E).**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Anti-Hijacking Act, 2016 (30 of 2016), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

1. **Short title, and commencement.**- (1) These rules may be called the Anti-Hijacking Rules, 2017.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of commencement of the Anti-Hijacking Act, 2016 (30 of 2016).
- (3) They extend to the whole of India and apply (unless the contrary intention appears),—
  - (a) to persons on aircraft registered in India wherever they may be;
  - (b) to persons on all aircrafts which are in or over India for the time being.
- (4) These rules shall also apply to aircraft registered in a Convention country and operated pursuant to an agreement for the lease, charter or interchange of the aircraft or any similar arrangement by an operator who has his principal place of business, or, if he has no such place of business, his permanent residence in India.
- (5) The extent of application of these rules to the aircraft referred in sub-rule (4) shall be as per the agreement between the Government of India and the Convention country.
2. **Nationality of aircraft.**-An aircraft shall be deemed to possess the nationality of the State on the register of which it is entered.
3. **Definitions.**- (1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—
  - (a) “Act” means the Anti-Hijacking Act, 2016 (30 of 2016);
  - (b) “Designated Court” means the Court specified under section 8 of the Anti-Hijacking Act, 2016;
  - (c) “Special Court” means the Special Court constituted under section 11 or under section 22 of the National Investigation Agency Act, 2008, as the case may be.
- (2) The words and expressions used in these rules and not defined, but defined in the Act shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.
4. **Inspection.**- (1) Any person, authorised by the Central Government by notification, or through a specific or special order in writing in this behalf, may at all reasonable times, enter any place to which access is necessary to inspect and carry out investigation, and inspect documents or records to verify for the purpose of investigation.

(2) The person so authorised, shall have access to any part of the aerodrome or any other facility, including equipment, records, documents and shall have co-operation from all concerned authorities in conducting the investigation as referred in sub-rule (1).

[ F. No. AV.11012/11/2016-AS ]

USHA PADHEE, Jt Secy.